

Quarterly Report to Worklessness Strategic Outcomes Group: October 2009

Subject: City-wide Working Age Client Group (WACG) Data Update

Executive Summary

This quarterly report provides an analysis of the Working Age Client Group (WACG) data provided by the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP). This data relates to the previous quarter March-May 09 and will enable an analysis and review of total WACG claimants (including: JSA claimants (JSA) ¹, Incapacity Benefit/Employment and Support Allowance (ESA) claimants, Lone Parent income support claimants and total out of work benefit claimants). The data has been analysed at a city wide level (including comparisons with the other core cities) and for each of the NI153 localities.

This report details the following key findings regarding the status of the WACG claimants:

- Over the last 12 month period the number of claimants claiming JSA across Leeds has increased at a greater rate than all other claimant types.
- In Leeds the rate of out of work benefit claimants has been increasing on a quarterly basis since May 2008, this increase is largely due to the increase in JSA claimants.
- When compared with the other core cities, Leeds has the lowest rate of out of work claimants, Incapacity Benefit/ESA claimants and Lone Parent Income Support claimants.
- Of all the core cities Leeds has experienced the third lowest rate of JSA claimants, the only cities with lower rates were Bristol and Sheffield.
- The current four quarter rolling average (August 08-May 09) for out of work benefit claimants has shown an increase in all NI 153 localities, except for Holbeck, when compared with the previous four quarter rolling average (May 08-February 09).
- The current four quarter rolling average (August 08-May 09) rate for out of work claimants, JSA claimants, Incapacity Benefits/ESA claimants and Lone Parent income support claimants in the combined NI 153 locality was at least twice that of the rate for Leeds overall for each of these claimant types.
- 13 of the 22 N1 153 localities had an out of work benefit claimant rate in May 09 that was higher than the overall combined NI 153 area locality rate of 30%.
- The percentage difference between May 09 and February 09 counts for each type of claimant for the combined N1 153 area locality does not differ greatly from the differences observed across the whole Leeds City area.

¹ JSA claimants are a component of the overall WACG dataset but data on JSA claimants is produced monthly, whereas the WACG data is produced quarterly. The most recent JSA data is for October 09 and this has been analysed in the monthly report to the Worklessness Strategic Outcomes Group.

1. Introduction

This quarterly report provides an analysis of the Working Age Client Group Data provided by the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP). This data relates to May 2009 (although it is the most current data release and was made available mid November) and accounts for data relating to the second quarter of this year. **The data is the most recent for all WACG claimant types except for those claiming Job Seekers Allowance.** The most recent Job Seekers Allowance (JSA) data is analysed in the monthly report, this monthly report has been provided in conjunction with the WACG quarterly report.

2. Analysis of city wide working age client group claimants

Table 1 below summarises the number of claimants by their main benefit type and includes the number classified as out-of-work benefit claimants (the NI 152 measure which excludes people who are Carers, Disabled or Bereaved). It shows there are now:

- 65,500 out-of-work benefit claimants (NI 152), an increase of 1150 from the previous quarter
- 22,965 JSA claimants, an increase of 1310 (6%) from the previous quarter
- 30,685 Incapacity Benefit/ Employment and Support Allowance (ESA) claimants, a slight increase of 85 from the previous quarter
- 9,495 Lone Parents in receipt of Income Support, a slight decrease of 305 from the previous quarter

Table 1 also details that over the previous four quarters, JSA is the only claimant type to have experienced a pronounced increase.

Table 1 Count and breakdown of the working age client group claimants in Leeds (Quarterly data: Feb 08 to May 09)

	Total number of WACG claimants	Job Seekers Allowance	Incapacity Benefit/ESA	Lone Parents on Income Support	Other income related benefits	"NI 152" Total (Out of Work benefit claimants)
Q2 May 09	75,175	22,965	30,685	9,495	2,355	65,500
Q1 Feb 09	73,795	21,655	30,600	9,800	2,295	64,350
Q4 Nov 08	68,130	16,435	30,410	9,545	2,265	58,655
Q3 Aug 08	65,365	13,880	30,100	9,635	2,280	55,895
Q2 May 08	63,545	12,355	30,085	9,420	2,210	54,070
Q1 Feb 08	63,840	12,355	30,710	9,365	2,055	54,485
2008 average	65,220	13,756	30,326	9,491	2,203	55,776
Previous 4 quarter rolling average	67,709	16,081	30,299	9,600	2,263	58,243
Latest 4 quarter rolling average	70,616	18,734	30,449	9,619	2,299	61,100

The data can also be presented as rates of the working age population. The advice from central government is that rates should be calculated using population data from the closest available time point to the numerator. All rates in this report relating to 2008 and 2009 data have been calculated using the 2007 working age population. The government has recently released the 2008 mid year population estimates and these figures will therefore be adjusted in the next report. Table 2 below shows that:

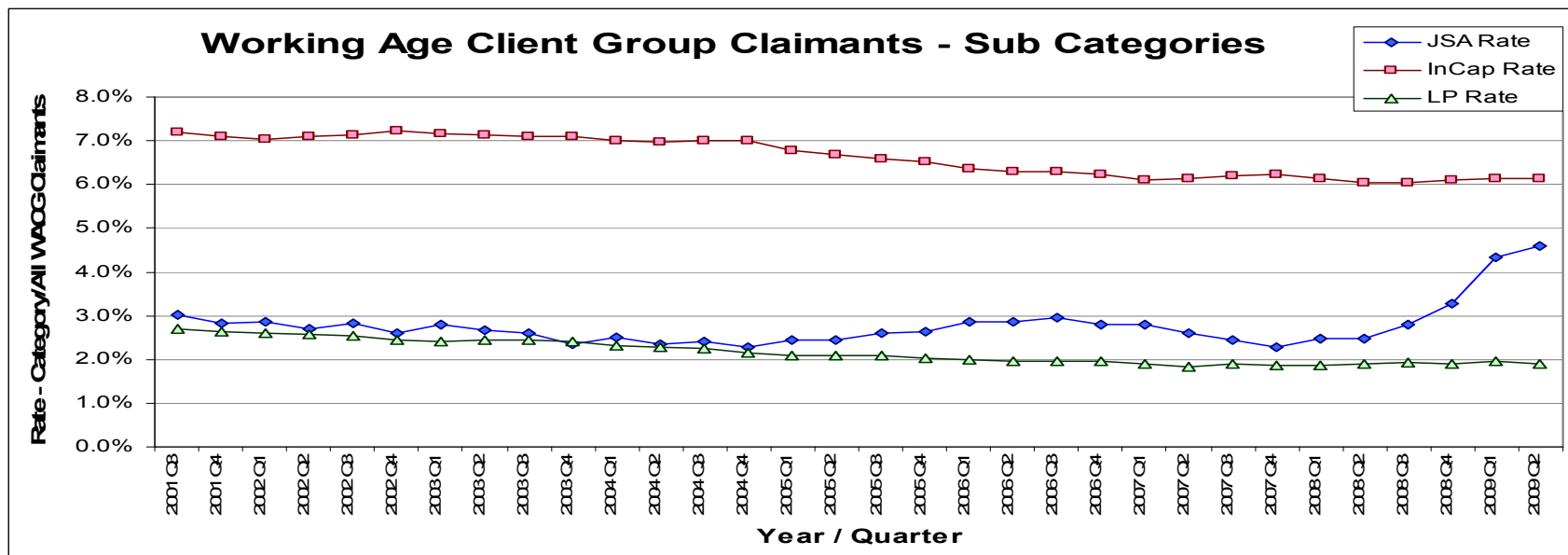
- over the last six quarters there has been very little change in the rates of claimants receiving: Incapacity Benefit/ESA, Lone Parent Income Support or other income related benefits
- the rate of out-of-work benefit claimants has been increasing since May 2008 and this increase is largely due to the increase in JSA claimants.

Table 2 Overall and breakdown of the rates of working age client group claimants in Leeds (Quarterly data: Feb 08 to May 09)

	Total number of WACG claimants	Job Seekers Allowance	Incapacity Benefit/ESA	Lone Parents on Income Support	Other income related benefits	"NI 152" Total (Out of Work benefit claimants)
Q2 May 09	15.1%	4.6%	6.1%	1.9%	0.5%	13.1%
Q1 Feb 09	14.8%	4.3%	6.1%	2.0%	0.5%	12.9%
Q4 Nov 08	13.6%	3.3%	6.1%	1.9%	0.5%	11.7%
Q3 Aug 08	13.1%	2.8%	6.0%	1.9%	0.5%	11.2%
Q2 May 08	12.7%	2.5%	6.0%	1.9%	0.4%	10.8%
Q1 Feb 08	12.8%	2.5%	6.2%	1.9%	0.4%	10.9%
2008 average	13.1%	2.8%	6.1%	1.9%	0.4%	11.2%
Previous 4 quarter rolling average	13.6%	3.2%	6.1%	1.9%	0.5%	11.7%
Latest 4 quarter rolling average	14.1%	3.8%	6.1%	1.9%	0.5%	12.2%

Figure 1 below details the rates of those claiming JSA, Incapacity Benefits and Lone Parent Income Support since quarter three 2001. This graph shows that during this period there has been a decrease in the rates of people claiming Incapacity Benefits and Lone Parent Income support. The rates of individuals claiming JSA peaked during the middle of 2005 and has been rising again since 2008 quarter two. This recent rise in the rate of JSA claimants reached a level in 2008 quarter four that was higher than any other rate recorded previously since 2001. The rate of JSA claimants has continued to rise and does not yet appear to have reached its peak.

Figure 1 A graph comparing out of work benefit claimants by sub category (Quarterly data 2001 - May 09)



3. Comparisons of working age client group claimants in Leeds with the other core cities

Table 3 below compares the working age client group claimant count and rate in Leeds with the other core cities and shows that in May 2009:

- Leeds had the lowest rate of WACG claimants and of out of work claimants for all the core cities
- Leeds also had the lowest rate of individuals claiming either Incapacity Benefit/ESA or Lone Parent Income Support
- Leeds experienced the third lowest rate of JSA claimants of all the core cities, the only cities with lower rates were Bristol and Sheffield.

Table 3 Comparison of the count and rate of working age client group claimants in Leeds with the other core cities (Quarterly data May 09)

	WAPOP (2007)	Total WACG claimants		JSA		Incapacity Benefit/ ESA		Lone Parent		Other Claimants		Out of Work	
		Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
Birmingham	629700	145715	23.1%	47445	7.5%	53415	8.5%	20765	3.3%	4705	0.7%	126330	20.1%
Bristol, City of	282900	45210	16.0%	10700	3.8%	21780	7.7%	6290	2.2%	1225	0.4%	39995	14.1%
Leeds	499400	75175	15.1%	22965	4.6%	30685	6.1%	9495	1.9%	2355	0.5%	65500	13.1%
Liverpool	284600	78735	27.7%	20625	7.2%	36820	12.9%	9645	3.4%	2055	0.7%	69145	24.3%
Manchester	315200	71080	22.6%	16425	5.2%	34075	10.8%	10740	3.4%	2240	0.7%	63480	20.1%
Newcastle	178500	34020	19.1%	8355	4.7%	15710	8.8%	4360	2.4%	1295	0.7%	29720	16.6%
Nottingham	199200	40840	20.5%	11305	5.7%	17330	8.7%	6250	3.1%	1095	0.5%	35980	18.1%
Sheffield	339200	56460	16.6%	14985	4.4%	24685	7.3%	6650	2.0%	1765	0.5%	48085	14.2%

4. Analysis of working age client group claimants in Leeds NI153 localities

The WACG data can also be used to produce updates for those areas classified under NI 153 as “the worst performing neighbourhoods” (this is defined as LSOAs with an out of work claim rate of 25% or more based on a 4 quarter average May 06 – Feb 07).

In Leeds there are 53 Super Output Areas that are classified as NI 153 areas and these have been grouped together into 22 localities. Table 4 compares the latest 4 quarter rolling average with the baseline figures for each area (N.B. the original baseline rates were calculated on a working age population figure from 2005, in line with DWP guidance this rate has now been revised using 2006 population data).

At the city-wide level the rolling four quarter average data² shows that the number of “out-of-work benefit” claimants has increased by 498 from the previous period (Table benefit claimants between May 08-February 09 and August 08-May 09). However the relatively small increase means that it is not so evident at the small area level, with the data showing that overall there has been very little change from the previous update in the number of out-of-work claimants across the NI 153 areas.

As detailed in Table 4 (on page 7) at an NI153 locality level **Holbeck is the only locality to have experienced a decrease** (of 0.7%) in the rate of out of work benefit claimants between May 08-February 09 and August 08-May 09. Although all other NI 153 localities demonstrated an increase in the rate of out of work benefit claimants between in this period this rate of increase only varied across each locality between 0.6% to 1.8%. **Swallow Hill locality had the highest rate increase** of out of work benefit claimants.

² four quarter average data is analysed as it avoids any seasonal variation in the data and it is the suggested way to analyse the data by the DWP.

Table 4 Comparison of the count and rate of the total out of work benefit claimants for NI 153 localities (four quarter rolling averages)

	Baseline (May 06 - Feb 07)			Previous update (May 08 – Feb 09)		Latest update (Aug 08 – May 09)	
	Number	Rate* (original)	Rate** (revised)	Number	Rate***	Number	Rate***
Beckhills	315	30.1%	28.2%	293	25.3%	304	26.3%
Beeston	1335	28.3%	26.8%	1414	26.9%	1483	28.3%
Belle Isle	845	30.7%	29.6%	851	28.5%	888	29.8%
Burmantofts	1427	32.8%	30.4%	1390	28.9%	1436	29.9%
Chapelton	1166	39.9%	39.4%	829	27.4%	856	28.3%
Cottingley	529	27.6%	26.9%	569	28.3%	598	29.8%
Fairfields	233	25.6%	25.5%	236	26.2%	245	27.1%
Gipton	1374	30.3%	29.8%	1378	29.2%	1416	30.0%
Halton Moor	771	31.0%	29.1%	749	27.7%	771	28.6%
Holbeck	661	28.6%	26.8%	628	24.1%	610	23.4%
Hunslet	281	30.7%	30.7%	290	30.8%	298	31.6%
Little London	805	28.8%	27.5%	710	22.5%	733	23.2%
Middleton	732	27.9%	27.7%	773	28.3%	801	29.4%
Moor Allerton	482	26.5%	25.9%	503	26.3%	515	26.9%
New Wortley	671	30.4%	29.6%	671	28.8%	694	29.7%
North Seacroft	724	28.0%	26.9%	739	27.2%	769	28.4%
Osmondthorpe	847	30.9%	29.7%	811	28.0%	840	28.9%
Richmond Hill	548	30.9%	29.1%	596	31.7%	623	33.1%
South Seacroft	892	34.5%	35.3%	834	33.1%	851	33.8%
Spens	242	27.6%	26.4%	269	29.6%	278	30.6%
Swallow Hill	250	27.7%	26.7%	269	27.6%	286	29.5%
Wythers	240	28.6%	27.3%	255	27.2%	263	28.0%
Total	15370	30.4%	29.3%	14946	27.6%	15444	28.6%

*Rate calculated as a percentage of working age population 2005 (combined area = 50,615)

** Rate calculated as a percentage of working age population 2006 (combined area = 52,523)

*** Rate calculated as a percentage of working age population 2007 (combined area = 54,058)

Table 5 (on page 8) details the total count and breakdown by claimant type of WACG claimants for the latest 4 quarter rolling average (Aug 08 to May 09). Table 5 details that over the last year:

- the rate of out of work claimants in the NI 153 localities ranged between 23.2% and 33.8%
- the rate of out of work claimants in the combined NI 153 localities was over twice that of the rate for the whole of Leeds (28.6% compared to 12.2%)
- the rate of either JSA claimants, Incapacity Benefit/ESA claimants, Lone Parent claimants in the combined NI 153 localities was also over twice that of the rate for the whole of Leeds
- in the combined NI 153 localities the most common claimant type was Incapacity Benefit/ESA (12.9%) followed by JSA (9.0%) and then Lone Parents claiming Income Support (5.6%)
- figures 2-4 following table 5 provide a more detailed analysis of the most recent claimant counts in each NI 153 locality.

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Table 5 Comparison of the count and rate of working age client group claimants in each NI 153 locality (four quarter rolling average Aug 2008 to May 2009)

Area	Working Age population 2007	Working Age Client Group Claimants		Job Seekers Allowance Claimants		Incapacity Benefit/ESA Claimants		Lone Parents		Out Of Work Claimants	
		Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Beckhills	1154	322	27.9%	100	8.7%	120	10.4%	64	5.5%	304	26.3%
Beeston	5248	1619	30.8%	482.5	9.2%	679	12.9%	254	4.8%	1483	28.3%
Belle Isle	2983	978	32.8%	288.8	9.7%	370	12.4%	194	6.5%	888	29.8%
Burmantofts	4803	1535	32.0%	503.8	10.5%	643	13.4%	227	4.7%	1437	29.9%
Chapelton	3028	927	30.6%	310	10.2%	359	11.9%	157	5.2%	857	28.3%
Cottingley	2007	664	33.1%	156.3	7.8%	309	15.4%	113	5.6%	598	29.8%
Fairfields	903	273	30.2%	68.8	7.6%	102	11.3%	68	7.5%	245	27.1%
Gipton	4722	1567	33.2%	387.5	8.2%	679	14.4%	282	6.0%	1417	30.0%
Halton Moor	2699	854	31.6%	216.3	8.0%	354	13.1%	180	6.7%	772	28.6%
Holbeck	2605	654	25.1%	225	8.6%	280	10.7%	79	3.0%	610	23.4%
Hunslet	943	337	35.7%	73.8	7.8%	153	16.2%	62	6.6%	298	31.6%
Little London	3155	772	24.5%	283.8	9.0%	305	9.7%	112	3.5%	733	23.2%
Middleton	2730	883	32.3%	241.3	8.8%	329	12.1%	205	7.5%	802	29.4%
Moor Allerton	1911	590	30.9%	125	6.5%	309	16.2%	60	3.1%	515	26.9%
New Wortley	2334	744	31.9%	257.5	11.0%	312	13.4%	92	3.9%	694	29.7%
North Seacroft	2712	854	31.5%	226.3	8.3%	409	15.1%	102	3.8%	769	28.4%
Osmondthorpe	2902	947	32.6%	218.8	7.5%	392	13.5%	209	7.2%	840	28.9%
Richmond Hill	1881	679	36.1%	176.3	9.4%	273	14.5%	149	7.9%	623	33.1%
South Seacroft	2518	950	37.7%	263.8	10.5%	324	12.9%	244	9.7%	852	33.8%
Spens	908	308	33.9%	80	8.8%	134	14.8%	55	6.1%	278	30.6%
Swallow Hill	973	308	31.7%	85	8.7%	128	13.2%	58	6.0%	287	29.5%
Wythers	939	293	31.2%	77.5	8.3%	112	11.9%	65	6.9%	263	28.0%
Combined Area	54058	17049	31.5%	4847.5	9.0%	6957	12.9%	3023	5.6%	15444	28.6%
Leeds	499422	70616	14.1%	18734	3.8%	30449	6.1%	9619	1.9%	61100	12.2%

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Table 6 below and Figures 2,3 and 4 detail **the actual May 09 quarterly rates** for each type of WACG claimant. The explanation of this data is included prior to each of the individual figures following table 6.

Table 6 Q2 May 09 WACG claimants rates for each NI 153 locality and each claimant type

	Rate of Total number of WACG claimants	Rate of “NI 152” Total (Out of Work benefit claimants)	Rate of Job Seekers Allowance	Rate of Incapacity Benefit & ESA	Rate of Lone Parents on Income Support
Beckhills	29.0%	27.7%	10.0%	10.0%	6.1%
Beeston	33.3%	30.6%	11.1%	13.7%	4.5%
Belle Isle	34.9%	31.8%	12.4%	12.2%	6.0%
Burmantofts	32.8%	30.9%	11.3%	13.6%	4.5%
Chapeltown	31.7%	29.4%	11.6%	11.7%	5.0%
Cottingley	35.6%	32.1%	9.7%	15.4%	6.0%
Fairfields	32.1%	28.8%	8.9%	12.2%	7.2%
Gipton	34.4%	31.1%	9.6%	14.2%	5.9%
Halton Moor	32.2%	29.6%	9.3%	13.2%	6.3%
Holbeck	24.8%	23.0%	9.2%	10.0%	3.1%
Hunslet	37.1%	32.9%	9.5%	15.9%	6.4%
Little London	25.7%	24.2%	10.1%	9.7%	3.3%
Middleton	34.6%	31.5%	11.2%	11.9%	7.3%
Moor Allerton	31.7%	28.0%	7.8%	16.0%	3.1%
New Wortley	33.0%	31.1%	12.4%	13.3%	4.1%
North Seacroft	33.0%	29.9%	9.8%	15.1%	3.5%
Osmondthorpe	34.8%	31.2%	9.5%	13.8%	7.2%
Richmond Hill	38.3%	35.4%	10.9%	15.2%	8.0%
South Seacroft	38.7%	34.7%	12.3%	12.1%	9.1%
Spens	35.2%	31.9%	9.9%	15.4%	5.5%
Swallow Hill	33.4%	31.3%	11.3%	13.4%	5.7%
Wythers	31.9%	28.8%	9.6%	12.2%	5.9%
Combined Area	33.0%	30.0%	10.5%	12.9%	5.4%
Leeds	15.1%	13.1%	4.6%	6.1%	1.9%

Figure 2 below details the May 09 out of work benefit claimant rates in each of the NI 153 localities and shows that:

- 13 of the 22 NI153 localities had an out of work benefit claimant rate higher than the overall NI 153 combined locality rate of 30%
- the three NI 153 localities with the highest out of work benefit claimant rates were in descending order: Richmond Hill (35.4%), South Seacroft (34.7%) and Hunslet (32.9%)
- the three NI 153 localities with the lowest out of work benefit claimant rates were in ascending order: Holbeck (23.0%), Little London (24.2%) and Moor Allerton (28.0%)
- Holbeck and Little London localities were the only NI 153 areas that had an out of work benefit rate that was less than double that of the overall Leeds City area out of work benefit rate.

Figure 2 A graph comparing out of work benefit claimant rates in each NI 153 locality (Quarterly data May 09)

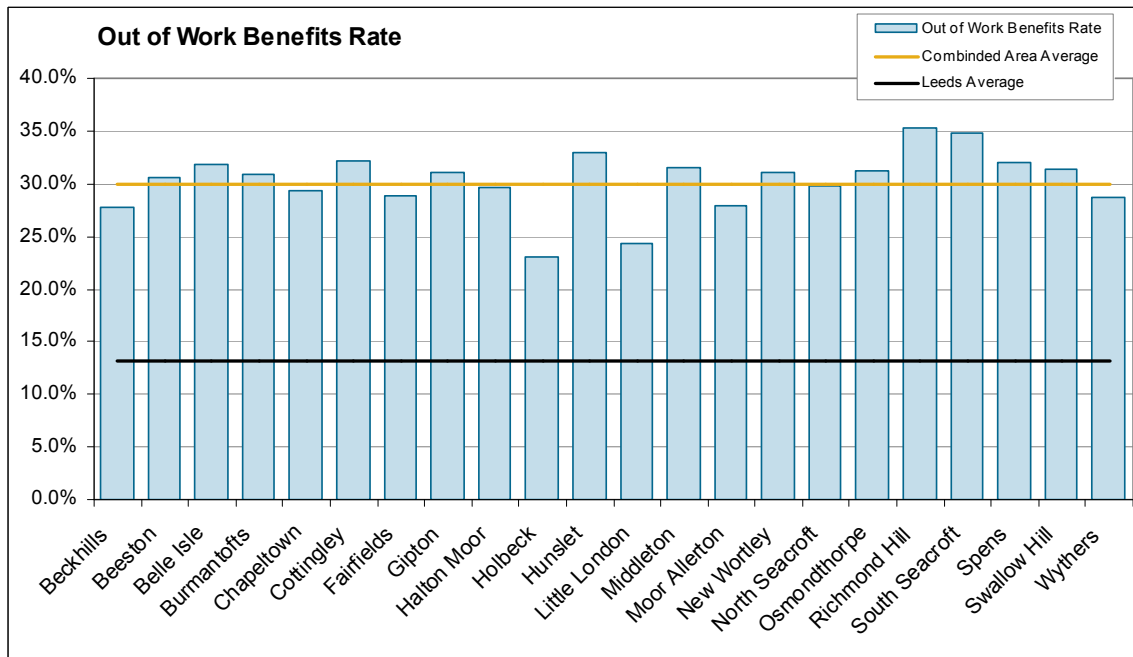


Figure 3 below details the May 09 Incapacity Benefit/ESA claimant rates in each of the NI 153 localities and shows that:

- 13 of the 22 NI153 localities had an Incapacity Benefit/ESA claimant rate higher than the overall NI 153 locality rate of 12.9%
- the NI 153 localities with three highest Incapacity Benefit/ESA claimant rates were in descending order: Moor Allerton (16.0%), Hunslet (15.9%) and both Cottingley and Spens (both with a rate of 15.4%)
- the NI 153 localities with the three lowest Incapacity Benefit/ESA claimant rates were in ascending order: Little London (9.7%), both Holbeck and Beckhills (both with a rate of 10.0%), and Chapeltown (11.7%)

Figure 3 A graph comparing Incapacity Benefit/ESA claimant rates in each NI 153 locality (Quarterly data May 09)

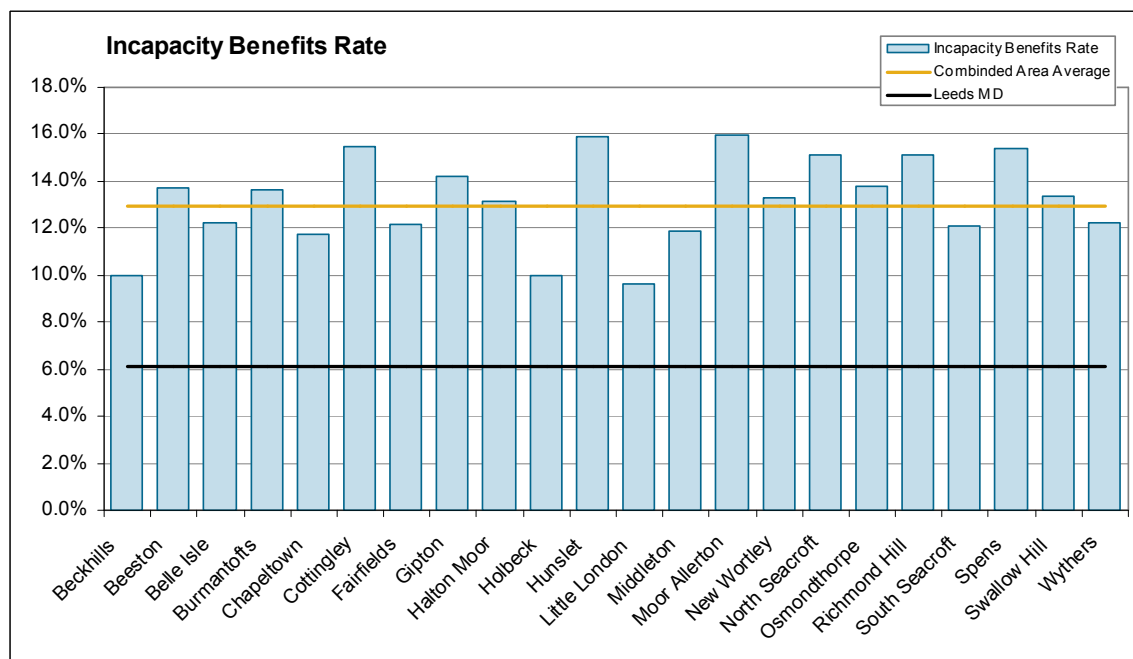


Figure 4, on page 12, details the May 09 Lone Parent claimant rates in each of the NI 153 localities and shows that:

- 11 of the 22 NI 153 localities had a Lone Parent claimant rate higher than the overall NI 153 locality rate of 5.4%
- the NI 153 localities with three highest Lone Parent claimant rates were in descending order: South Seacroft (9.1%), Richmond Hill (8.0%) and Middleton (7.3%)
- the NI 153 localities with the three lowest Lone Parent claimant rates were in ascending order: both Holbeck and Moor Allerton (both with a rate of 3.1%), Little London (3.3%), and North Seacroft (3.5%)

Figure 4 A graph comparing Lone Parent claimant rates in each NI 153 locality (Quarterly data May 09)

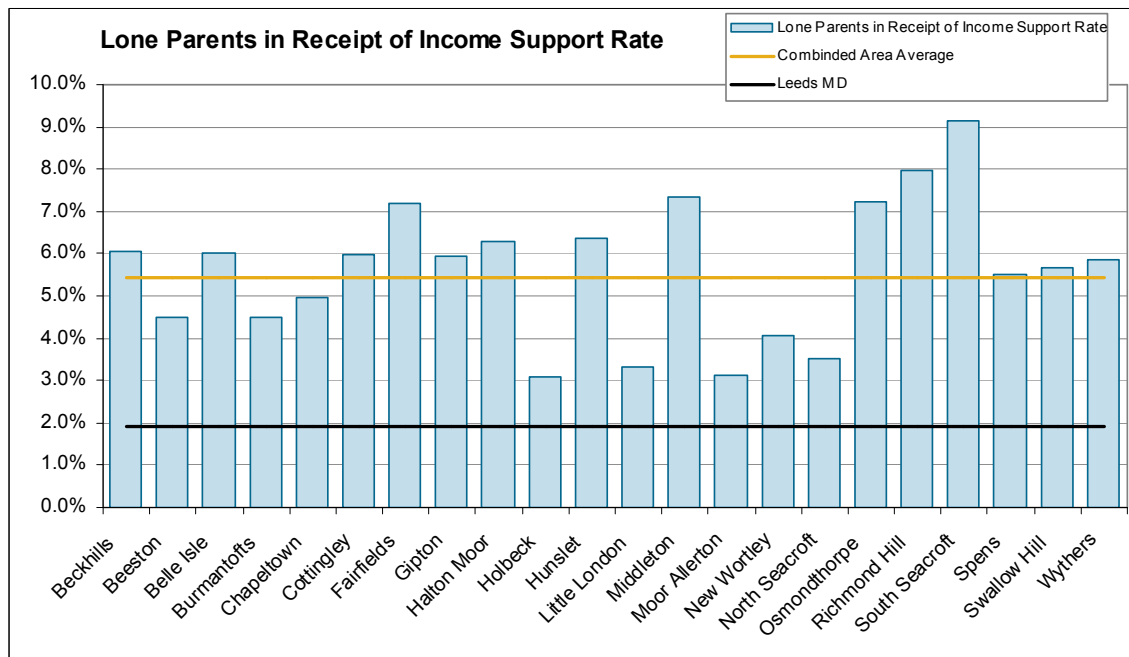


Table 7, on page 13, compares the total count and breakdown by category of WACG claimants between the current reported quarter May 09 and the previously reported quarter February 09. The analysis shows that:

- there are now 16,225 out-of-work benefit claimants across the NI 153 areas, an increase of 220 (1.4%) from the previous quarter (which compares to a city wide increase of 1.8%)
- the three localities with the greatest percentage increase in out of work benefit claimants compared to the previous quarter rates were in descending order: Chapelton (5.3%), Swallow Hill (5.2%) and Cottingley (4.9%)
- there are now 6,980 Incapacity Benefit/ESA claimants across the NI 153 areas, an increase of 25 (0.4%) from the previous quarter (which compares favourably to a city wide increase of 0.3%)
- the three localities with the greatest percentage increase in Incapacity Benefit/ESA claimants compared to the previous quarter rates were in descending order: Fairfields (4.8%), Wythers (4.5%) and Beeston (4.3%) .
- 15 of the 22 localities experienced a drop in the number of individuals claiming Lone Parent Income Support compared to the previous quarter
- there are now 2,930 Lone Parent Income Support claimants across the NI 153 areas, a decrease of 100 (-3.3%) from the previous quarter (which compares to a city wide decrease of 3.1%)
- the three localities with the greatest percentage increase in JSA claimants compared to the previous quarter rates were in descending order: Swallow Hill (22.2%), Cottingley (21.9%) and Belle Isle (17.5%)
- there are now 5,680 JSA claimants across the NI 153 areas, an increase of 305 (5.7%) from the previous quarter (which compares to a city wide increase of 6.0%)

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Table 7 Comparison between Q1 Feb 09 and Q2 May 09 WACG claimants counts for each NI 153 locality and each claimant type

	Total number of WACG claimants			“NI 152” Total (Out of Work benefit claimants)			Job Seekers Allowance			Incapacity Benefit & ESA			Lone Parents on Income Support		
	Q1 Feb 09	Q2 May 09	% Diff.	Q1 Feb 09	Q2 May 09	% Diff.	Q1 Feb 09	Q2 May 09	% Diff.	Q1 Feb 09	Q2 May 09	% Diff.	Q1 Feb 09	Q2 May 09	% Diff.
Beckhills	330	335	1.5%	315	320	1.6%	110	115	4.5%	120	115	-4.2%	65	70	7.7%
Beeston	1685	1745	3.6%	1555	1605	3.2%	535	580	8.4%	690	720	4.3%	255	235	-7.8%
Belle Isle	1010	1040	3.0%	910	950	4.4%	315	370	17.5%	365	365	0.0%	190	180	-5.3%
Burmantofts	1605	1575	-1.9%	1495	1485	-0.7%	560	545	-2.7%	640	655	2.3%	225	215	-4.4%
Chapelton	915	960	4.9%	845	890	5.3%	315	350	11.1%	350	355	1.4%	150	150	0.0%
Cottingley	675	715	5.9%	615	645	4.9%	160	195	21.9%	320	310	-3.1%	110	120	9.1%
Fairfields	285	290	1.8%	255	260	2.0%	80	80	0.0%	105	110	4.8%	65	65	0.0%
Gipton	1620	1625	0.3%	1470	1470	0.0%	440	455	3.4%	670	670	0.0%	285	280	-1.8%
Halton Moor	855	870	1.8%	780	800	2.6%	225	250	11.1%	355	355	0.0%	180	170	-5.6%
Holbeck	650	645	-0.8%	605	600	-0.8%	240	240	0.0%	265	260	-1.9%	75	80	6.7%
Hunslet	350	350	0.0%	310	310	0.0%	85	90	5.9%	150	150	0.0%	65	60	-7.7%
Little London	800	810	1.3%	760	765	0.7%	305	320	4.9%	315	305	-3.2%	110	105	-4.5%
Middleton	925	945	2.2%	845	860	1.8%	290	305	5.2%	325	325	0.0%	205	200	-2.4%
Moor Allerton	595	605	1.7%	525	535	1.9%	140	150	7.1%	310	305	-1.6%	55	60	9.1%
New Wortley	795	770	-3.1%	750	725	-3.3%	295	290	-1.7%	315	310	-1.6%	100	95	-5.0%
North Seacroft	915	895	-2.2%	830	810	-2.4%	280	265	-5.4%	410	410	0.0%	105	95	-9.5%
Osmondthorpe	970	1010	4.1%	865	905	4.6%	245	275	12.2%	385	400	3.9%	215	210	-2.3%
Richmond Hill	715	720	0.7%	660	665	0.8%	205	205	0.0%	280	285	1.8%	155	150	-3.2%
South Seacroft	975	975	0.0%	875	875	0.0%	280	310	10.7%	325	305	-6.2%	245	230	-6.1%
Spens	325	320	-1.5%	295	290	-1.7%	95	90	-5.3%	135	140	3.7%	55	50	-9.1%
Swallow Hill	315	325	3.2%	290	305	5.2%	90	110	22.2%	125	130	4.0%	55	55	0.0%
Wythers	295	300	1.7%	265	270	1.9%	85	90	5.9%	110	115	4.5%	65	55	15.4%
Combined Area	17605	17825	1.2%	16005	16225	1.4%	5375	5680	5.7%	6955	6980	0.4%	3030	2930	-3.3%
Leeds	73795	75175	1.9%	64350	65500	1.8%	21655	22965	6.0%	30600	30685	0.3%	9800	9495	-3.1%

